# Nutrient Management Plan

Tidewater CC/Chespeake Campus

Prepared For:

Bert Thompson 121 College Place Norfolk, VA 23510 757-822-1715

Prepared By:

Christy F. Smith 3160 Jacobia Lane Cape Charles, VA 23310 757-678-6129

Certification Code:

297

Total Acreage:

8 ac

The purpose of this Nutrient Management Plan is to ensure minimum movement of nitrogen and phosphorus from the specified area of application to surface and groundwaters where they can potentially have a detrimental effect on water quality as well as ensuring that plants have optimum soil nutrient availability for good productivity and quailty. By following this soil test based plan you are helping to protect local waters and the Chesapeake Bay.

If you have questions, please contact your plan writer, local Virginia Cooperative Extension



# Nutrient Management Plan for:

Tidewater CC/Chespeake Campus

Lar	Landowner Information							
Company Name	Tidewater CC/Chespeake Campus							
Customer Name	Bert Thompson							
Mailing Address	121 College Place							
City State Zip	Norfolk, VA 23510							
Phone	757-822-1715							
Email	bthompson@tcc.edu							

Planners Information							
Planner Name	Christy F. Smith						
Mailing Address	3160 Jacobia Lane						
City State Zip	Cape Charles, VA 23310						
Phone	757-678-6129						
Fax	757-331-3957						
Email	christy@smithagronomic.com						
Certification Code	297						

Loca	Location Information								
Physical Address	1428 Cedar Road								
City State Zip	Chesapeake, VA 23322								
Coordinates	36.72741								
Please Use NAD 83 Deg Min Sec	-76.29561								
VAHU6 Watershed Code	JL51								
County	Chesapeake								

	Square Footage								
Total	348,480 sq ft/8 ac								
Area 1	270,072 sq ft								
Area 2	78,408 sq ft								
Area 3									
Area 4									

Plan Start Date	7/1/21
Plan End Date	7/1/24
Planner Signature	Cluta of Smith

# Narrative

Tidewater Community College (TCC) agrees to comply with all the requirements set forth in the Nutrient Management Training and Certification Regulations, 4 VAC 50-85 et seq., and to follow recommendations for turf fertilization and management as described in the Virginia Nutrient Management Standards and Criteria, Revised July 2014. This includes implementing the Department of Conservation and Recreation's approved Nutrient Management Plan and maintaining fertilization records. All nutrient applications performed by TCC staff shall comply with the provisions of this Nutrient Management Plan upon receipt of the approved plan. Soil testing is recommended at least once every three years. This plan is effective for 3 years, expiring 7/1/2024 or until any major renovation or major changes to maintenance practices occur which effects the fertilized/lime areas.

TCC is a two-year higher education institution in South Hampton Roads with campuses in Norfolk, Chesapeake, Portsmouth, and Virginia Beach. TCC recognizes the importance of nutrient management as a fundamental way to protect water quality.

Fertilized turf is comprised of a mix of warm season and cool season grass but is managed to encourage warm season establishment and growth. Bermudagrass is dominate in turf areas adjacent to recent construction. TCC does not overseed warm season turf areas. The primary sources of irrigation water at each campus originates from onsite wells and/or stormwater collection basins. Irrigation water is used to maintain the turf areas and/or landscape beds adjacent to high profile areas on each campus. Landscape beds are located on each campus but do not receive any additional nutrients aside from what is applied to the adjacent turf. The TCC grounds are less intensively managed, receiving no more than two fertilizer applications annually. Within the boundaries of each campus, TCC maintains turf areas that do not receive fertilization or irrigation. The unfertilized portions of each campus are not included in this plan.

The Chesapeake Campus of TCC consists of 36.3 acres but only 8 acres is fertilized. The Chesapeake Campus includes Tomotley soil type which is environmentally sensitive. Special attention should be given to the timing of fertilizer applications to avoid nutrient loss due to flooding and seasonal high water tables.

Nutrient applications are prohibited on frozen/snow covered ground.

#### Google Maps 1428 Cedar Rd

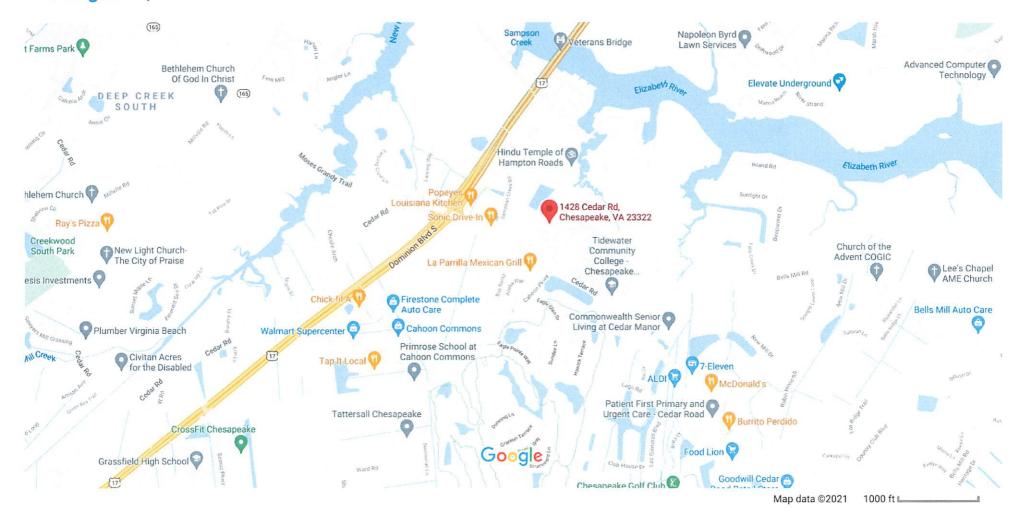


Imagery ©2021 Commonwealth of Virginia, Maxar Technologies, U.S. Geological Survey, USDA Farm Service Agency, Map data ©2021

fertilized area 1/270,072 ft²

- fertilized area 2/78408-A²

#### Google Maps 1428 Cedar Rd



NAME:		Bert Thompson				Mana	gem	ent Area:	1							
Prepared:			7/1/21				Area		270072	Species:	Species: Bermuda					
Expires:			7/1/24				(sq ft):		270072	Species.		ье	rmuua			
Total Nutrient Needs	Application Month/Day	Analysis	# of Apps	Application Interval	Fertilizer Type	Fertilizer Description	Rate per 1000ft <sup>2</sup>	lbs or oz		lbs/1000	Total NPK lbs/1000ft <sup>2</sup>				Lime	Total Product per App. (lbs or oz
Nitrogen		N - P - K								N - P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	- K <sub>2</sub> O		2T/acre			
1.4	5/1	20 - 14 - 28	1	30 days	dry	granular	3.50	lbs	0%	0.70 - 0.49				945		
Phosphorus	9/1	20 - 14 - 28	1	30 days	dry	granular	3.50	lbs	0%	0.70 - 0.49	- 0.98			945		
1										0.00 - 0.00	- 0.00			0		
Potassium										0.00 - 0.00	- 0.00			0		
2										0.00 - 0.00	- 0.00			0		
										0.00 - 0.00	- 0.00			0		
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NAME:		Bert Thompson				Mana	gem	ent Area:	2				
Prepared: Expires:			7/1/21 7/1/24				Area (sq ft):	/X40X		Species:	Bermuda		
Total Nutrient Needs	Application Month/Day	Analysis	# of Apps	Application Interval	Fertilizer Type	Fertilizer Description	Rate per 1000ft <sup>2</sup>	lbs or oz	%Slow Release N	Total NPK lbs/1000ft <sup>2</sup>	Gyps	um Lime	Total Product per App. (lbs or oz
Nitrogen		N - P - K	N. C.							N - P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -	K <sub>2</sub> O		
1.4	5/1	20 - 20 - 7	1	30 days	dry	granular	3.50	lbs	0%	0.70 - 0.70 -	0.25		274
Phosphorus	9/1	20 - 20 - 7	1	30 days	dry	granular	3.50	lbs	0%	0.70 - 0.70 -	0.25		274
1.5										0.00 - 0.00 -	0.00		0
Potassium										0.00 - 0.00 -	0.00		0
.5										0.00 - 0.00 -	0.00		0
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										0.00 - 0.00 - 0	0.00		0
							Total		######	1.40 - 1.40 - (	0.49		
				N Reco	mmendatio	n Range and		Rati	nas		0.5		

			5	Soil Tes	t Sumr	nary						
Customer Name:						Bert Thomps	son					
Testing Lab:		Virginia Tech										
Sample Date:		6/23/2021										
Planner Name		Christy F. Smith										
Certification Number						297						
Managed	AREA	Soil	Buffer	Lab Test	77	Lab Test	VT	Species				
Area ID	(sq ft)	pН	pН	P	(H/M/L)	К	(H/M/L)	·				
Chesapeake 1	270,072	5.2	6.02	45	H-	90	M-	Bermuda				
Chesapeake 2	78,408	6	6.25	25	M	177	H-	Bermuda				
				'	<u> </u>							
				<u> </u>	'							
	1											
					·							
Notes:			Two ton	s/acre lime i	s needed on	Chesapeak	e 1 at this tim	ne.				

# Virginia Cooperative Extension Soil Test Report

Questions? Contact: Chesapeake City Office Agriculture Dept. 310 Shea Drive Chesapeake, VA 23322-5597 757-382-6348 Virginia Tech Soil Testing Laboratory 145 Smyth Hall (0465) 185 Ag Quad Ln Blacksburg, VA 24061 www.soiltest.yt.edu

SEI	E NOTES:
1	3

O W N E	SMITHAG 3160 JACOBIA LN	C F O C P R Y
R		

CAPE CHARLES, VA 23310

SAMPLE HISTORY

Sample	Field	LAST CROP	LAST CROP				SOIL INFORMATION				
ID	ID	Name	Yield	Months Prev.	Tons/Acre	SMU-1 %	SMU-2 %	SMU-3 %	Yield Estimate	Productivity Group	
CHES1	TCC									III	

LAB TEST RESULTS (see Note 1)

					1 11 DO 0 D 1 D 100	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Analysis	P (lb/A)	K (lb/A)	Ca (lb/A)	Mg (lb/A)	Zn (ppm)	Mn (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Fe (ppm)	B (ppm)	S.Salts (ppm)
Result	45	90	717	147	2.3	5.0	0.3	25.1	0.1	
Rating	H-	M-	L+	H-	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	

Analysis	Soil	Buffer	EstCEC	Acidity	Base Sat.	Ca Sat.	Mg Sat.	K Sat.	Organic
	pH	Index	(meq/100g)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	Matter (%)
Result	5.2	6.02	4.8	47.3	52.7	37.6	12.7	2.4	

### FERTILIZER AND LIMESTONE RECOMMENDATIONS

Crop: Native or Unimproved Pasture (42)

Lime, TONS/AC				
Amount	Type			
2.5	AG			

Fertilizer, lb/A						
N	P205	K20				
See	0	90				
Comment						

- 825. If stand contains less than 25 percent clover, apply 40-60 lbs N/A.
- 131. If additional production is needed later on, apply 40 to 60 lbs/A of N during the grazing season. If you are planning to overseed a legume into the stand, omit the N recommendation.
- 123. P2O5 and K2O recommendations are for single applications made every 3 to 4 years. After this time, soils should be re-tested.
- 991. "Explanation of Soil Tests, Note 1" and other referenced notes are viewable at www.soiltest.vt.edu under Report Notes.

# Virginia Cooperative Extension Soil Test Report

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N	3160 JACOBIA LN	PR
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CAPE CHARLES, VA 23310

SAMPLE HISTORY

Sample	Field	LAST CROP		LAST LIME APPLICATION		SOIL INFORMATION				
ID	ID	Name	Yield	Months Prev.	Tons/Acre	SMU-1 %	SMU-2 %	SMU-3 %	Yield Estimate	Productivity Group
CHES2	TCC									III

LAB TEST RESULTS (see Note 1)

Analysis	P (lb/A)	K (lb/A)	Ca (lb/A)	Mg (lb/A)	Zn (ppm)	Mn (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Fe (ppm)	B (ppm)	S.Salts (ppm)
Result	25	177	1776	181	2.4	4.6	0.3	15.8	0.3	<del>-</del>
Rating	М	H-	H	н	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	SUFF	

Analysis	Soil pH	Buffer Index	EstCEC (meq/100g)	Acidity (%)	Base Sat. (%)	Ca Sat. (%)	Mg Sat. (%)	K Sat. (%)	Organic Matter (%)
Result	6.0	6.25	6.3	14.2	85.9	70.4	11.8	3.6	

#### FERTILIZER AND LIMESTONE RECOMMENDATIONS

Crop: Native or Unimproved Pasture (42)

Lime, TONS/AC				
Amount	Туре			
1	AG			

Fertilizer, lb/A					
N	P205	K20			
See	80	0			
Comment					

- 825. If stand contains less than 25 percent clover, apply 40-60 lbs N/A.
- 131. If additional production is needed later on, apply 40 to 60 lbs/A of N during the grazing season. If you are planning to overseed a legume into the stand, omit the N recommendation.
- 123. P2O5 and K2O recommendations are for single applications made every 3 to 4 years. After this time, soils should be re-tested.
- 991. "Explanation of Soil Tests, Note 1" and other referenced notes are viewable at www.soiltest.vt.edu under Report Notes.

# Standards and Criteria

# Section VI. Turfgrass Nutrient Recommendations for Home Lawns, Office Parks, Public Lands and Other Similar Residential/Commercial Grounds

### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this section, the following definitions, as presented by the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO), apply:

"Enhanced efficiency fertilizer" describes fertilizer products with characteristics that allow increased plant nutrient availability and reduce the potential of nutrient losses to the environment when compared to an appropriate reference product.

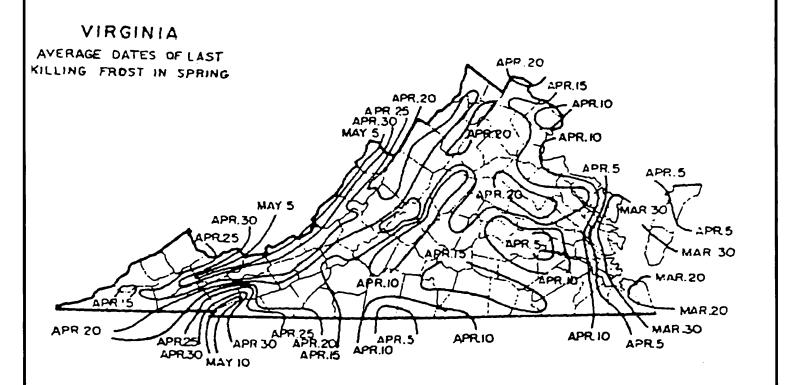
"Slow or controlled release fertilizer" means a fertilizer containing a plant nutrient in a form which delays its availability for plant uptake and use after application, or which extends its availability to the plant significantly longer than a reference "rapidly available nutrient fertilizer" such as ammonium nitrate, urea, ammonium phosphate or potassium chloride. A slow or controlled release fertilizer must contain a minimum of 15 percent slowly available forms of nitrogen.

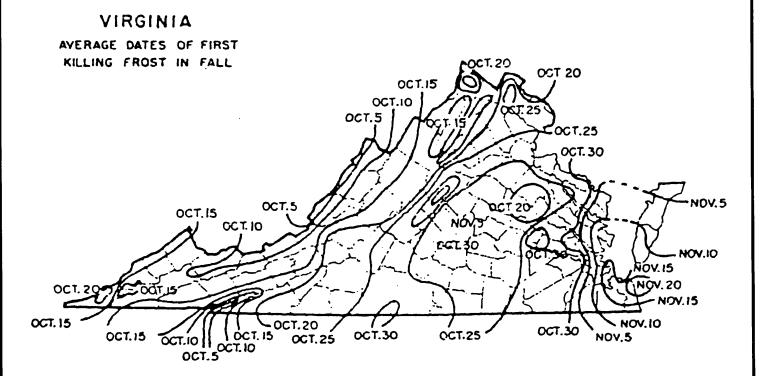
"Water soluble nitrogen", "WSN" and "readily available nitrogen" means: Water soluble nitrogen in either ammonical, urea, or nitrate form that does not have a controlled release, or slow response.

### Recommended Season of Application For Nitrogen Fertilizers - Applies to all Turf

A nitrogen fertilization schedule weighted toward fall application is recommended and preferred for agronomic quality and persistence of cool season turfgrass; however, the acceptable window of applications is much wider than this for nutrient management. The nutrient management recommended application season for nitrogen fertilizers to cool season turfgrasses begins six weeks prior to the last spring average killing frost date and ends six weeks past the first fall average killing frost date (see Figures 6-1 & 6-2). Applications of nitrogen during the intervening late fall and winter period should be avoided due to higher potential leaching or runoff risk, but where necessary, apply no more than 0.5 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of water soluble nitrogen within a 30 day period. Higher application rates may be used during this late fall and winter period by using materials containing slowly available sources of nitrogen, if the water soluble nitrogen contained in the fertilizer does not exceed the recommended maximum of 0.5 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> rate. Do not apply nitrogen or phosphorus fertilizers when the ground is frozen.

The acceptable nitrogen fertilizer application season for non-overseeded warm season turfgrass begins no earlier than the last spring average killing frost date and ends no later than one month prior to the first fall average killing frost date (see Figures 6-1 & 6-2).





### **Recommendations for Establishment of Turf**

These recommendations are for timely planted turfgrass, that is, the seed or vegetative material (sod, plugs, and /or sprigs), are planted at a time of the year when temperatures and moisture are adequate to maximize turfgrass establishment. These recommended establishment periods would be late summer to early fall for cool-season turfgrasses and late spring through mid-summer for warm-season turfgrasses.

## **Nitrogen Applications**

At the time of establishment, apply no more than 0.9 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of total nitrogen for cool season grasses or 1.0 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of total nitrogen for warm season grasses, using a material containing slowly available forms of nitrogen, followed by one or two applications beginning 30 days after planting, not to exceed a total of 1.8 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> total for cool season grasses and 2.0 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> for warm season grasses for the establishment period. Applications of WSN cannot exceed more than 0.7 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> within a 30 day period.

## **Phosphorus and Potassium Recommendations for Establishment**

Soil Test Level	Nutrient Needs (lbs /1000 ft2) *			
	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K₂O		
L	3-4	<u>2-3</u>		
M	2-3	1-2		
Н	2-1	0.5-1		
VH	0	0		

<sup>\*</sup> For the lower soil test level within a rating, use the higher side of the range and for higher soil test level within a rating use the lower side of the recommendation range.

### **Per Application Rates**

Do not apply more than 0.7 pounds of water soluble nitrogen per 1,000 ft² within a 30 day period. For cool season grasses, do not apply more than 0.9 pounds of total nitrogen per 1,000 ft² within a 30 day period. For warm season grasses, do not apply more than 1.0 pounds of total nitrogen per 1,000 ft² within a 30 day period. Lower per application rates of water soluble nitrogen sources or use of slowly available nitrogen sources should be utilized on very permeable sandy soils, shallow soils over fractured bedrock, or areas near water wells.

### Annual Application Rates for Home Lawns and Commercial Turf

Up to 3.5 pounds per 1,000 ft² of nitrogen may be applied annually to cool season grass species or up to 4 pounds per 1,000 ft² may be applied annually to warm season grass species using 100 percent water soluble nitrogen sources. Lower rates of nitrogen application may be desirable on those mature stands of grasses that require less nitrogen for long-term quality. As a result, lower application rates will probably be more suited to the fine leaf fescues (hard fescue, chewings fescue, creeping red fescue, and sheep fescue) and non-overseeded zoysiagrass. Lower rates should also be used on less intensively managed areas.

### Use of Slowly Available Forms of Nitrogen

For slow or controlled release fertilizer sources, or enhanced efficiency fertilizer sources, no more than 0.9 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 ft² may be applied to cool season grasses within a 30 day period and no more than 1.0 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 ft² may be applied to warm season grasses within a 30 day period. Provided the fertilizer label guarantees that the product can be used in such a way that it will not release more than 0.7 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 ft² in a 30 day period, no more than 2.5 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 ft² may be applied in a single application. Additionally, total annual applications shall not exceed 80 percent of the annual nitrogen rates for cool or warm season grasses.

### Phosphorus and Potassium Nutrient Needs (Established Turf)

Apply phosphorus ( $P_2O_5$ ) and potassium ( $K_2O$ ) fertilizers as indicated necessary by a soil test using the following guidelines:

Soil Test Level	Nutrient Needs (lbs /1000 ft2) *				
	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K₂O			
L	2-3	2-3			
M	1-2	1-2			
Н	0.5-1	0.5-1			
VH	0	0			

\* For the lower soil test level within a rating, use the higher side of the range and for higher soil test level within a rating use the lower side of the recommendation range. (For example the recommendation for a  $P_2O_5$  soil test level of L- would be 3 pounds per 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup>.)

Do not use high phosphorus ratio fertilizers such as 10-10-10 or 5-10-10, unless soil tests indicate phosphorus availability below the M+ level.

Fertilizer Application Records											
Customer Information						Management Area Information					
Name:	Bert Thompson				Management Area ID:						
Address:	1428 Cedar Road				Management Area Size:						
Ţ	Chesapeake, VA 23322				Plant Species:						
<u> </u>											
Phone #:	757-822-1715				Notes:						
Date (M/D/Y)	Supervisor/Applicator	Weather Conditions			Fertilizer	er	Data	Amount		Application	
		Temp	Wind Speed	Precip	Analys	is	Rate	Fertilizer Used		Equipment Used	
				-							
								ı			
-											

When was the last time your fertilizer equipment was calibrated???

For information on calibration see Chapter 10 of the "Urban Nutrient Management Handbook". Available for download at http://pubs.ext.vt.edu/430/430-350/430-350.html